## **Chapter 7 : Utility Services**

Utility services are essential components of the basic infrastructure. The planning of their provisions should be well coordinated and integrated into the overall planning of new development areas such that a coherent and aesthetic design can be achieved.

Their planning standards are summarized below :-

Types of Utility	Standards				
	Site Area Required	Minimum Width of access	Minimum safe working clearance	Maximum gradient of access	
Electricity Supply				T	
Extra High Voltage	$6\ 500\mathrm{m}^2(100\mathrm{m}\ \mathrm{x}\ 65\mathrm{m})$	7.3m		1 in 12	
Substations (Switching					
Stations)					
Bulk Infeed Substations					
(Switching Stations)			200m away from		
(a) in CLP Power	2 870m <sup>2</sup> (70m x 41m)	7.3m	the nearest fence	1 in 10	
network			of any telephone		
(b) in HEC network :			exchange, radio-		
(i) 275kV /132kV	1504m <sup>2</sup> (32m x 47m)	7.3m	communications	1 in 10	
Station			and broadcasting		
(ii) 275kV/132kV	2 550m <sup>2</sup> (30m x 85m)	7.3m	installations	1 in 10	
Station (with 2 x					
300MVA					
275/132kV					
transformers)					
Primary Substations					
(Zone Substations)					
(a) in CLP Power	$1\ 705\text{m}^2$ (55m x 31m)	7.3m		1 in 10	
network					
(b) in HEC network	$1 600m^2$ (40m x 40m)	7.3m		1 in 10	
Consumer Substations					
(Distribution					
Substations)					
(a) Outdoor Type	$30.25m^2(5.5m \times 5.5m)$	3m	-	-	
(b) Indoor Type	51m <sup>2</sup> (8.5m x 6m)	3m	-	-	
Overhead Transmission					
Lines (Voltage Level)		6m; may be	Horizontal : 5.5m	-	
(a) 400kV	-	required to	Vertical: 7.6m		
		reach the			

Types of Utility			Standard	ls	
		Site Area Required	Minimum Width of access	Minimum safe working clearance	Maximum gradient of access
(b)	) 132kV	-	principal face	Horizontal : 3.7m	-
			of any adjacent	Vertical : 6.7m	
			building		
			development		
(c)	) 33kV	-	for fire fighting	Horizontal : 2.8m	-
			purpose	Vertical : 6.1m	
(d)	) 11kV	-		Horizontal : 2.8m	-
				Vertical : 6.1m	
Unc	derground Cables	no set standard			1
		minimum separation be wherever practicable.	tween power cab	bles and telephone cal	bles is 0.3m
Gas	s supply	no set standard			
Tel	ephone Services	1			
	ephone Exchange				
	local exchanges in	500m <sup>2</sup>	_		-
	rural areas with				
	<10 000 lines			at least 200m from	
(b)	local exchanges in	1 000m <sup>2</sup> -1 500m <sup>2</sup>	-	any power	-
	urban area with			generating station,	
	20 000 - 60 000			bulk infeed	
	lines			substation or	
(c)	local exchange in	1 500m <sup>2</sup> -2 000m <sup>2</sup>	-	primary station	-
	urban areas with				
	up to 120 000 lines				
	or combined local/				
	tandem exchanges				
	or telephone				
	exchange				
	complexes				
,	Telephone cablesa minimum separating distance of 2.5m from the nearest Light Rail Transit System and 300m from Kowloon Canton Railway System.				

Types of Utility	Standards			
Radio Telecommunications and Broadcasting Services	no set standard			
Water Supply				
(a) service reservoirs	<ul><li> as near as possible to the area served</li><li> at level where water can be fed by gravity to the supply zone</li></ul>			
(b) pumping stations	<ul> <li>reasonable proximity to the source of supply</li> <li>adequate vehicular access</li> <li>away from noise sensitive uses</li> <li>a minimum clear distance of 100m from the sea water intake of salt water pumping stations</li> </ul>			
(c) water treatment works	comply with the procedures laid down by the Coordinating Committee on Land Use Planning and Control related to Potentially Hazardous Installations			
(d) water mains	<ul> <li>normally placed underground and routed along carriage ways</li> <li>adequate separation from power cables and other services</li> </ul>			
Drainage Services				
(a) foul sewerage system	<ul><li>under carriageways, footpaths, or cycle tracks.</li><li>gravity sewerage system is preferred</li></ul>			
(b) stormwater drainage system	• collected and conveyed in enclosed drains or open channels			
(c) pumping stations and sewage treatment works	<ul> <li>with design to minimise noise, odour and visual problems</li> <li>away from residential or other sensitive areas</li> </ul>			
(d) polder drainage and stormwater pumping schemes	<ul><li>at lowest areas of the schemes</li><li>covered or properly fenced off</li></ul>			
(e) drainage reserves	structures not permitted			
Dedicated Utility Reserves	<ul> <li>outside road reserves</li> <li>adequate separation between different kinds of utility provisions</li> </ul>			
District Cooling System	• the minimum site area required for a standard DCS plant room is 5,400m <sup>2</sup> with a typical dimension of 180m x 30m to serve a cooling demand capacity of about 40,000TR (refrigeration ton).			